

## **Incident Response Preparedness CHECKLIST**



In an evolving cyber threat environment, businesses of all sizes and complexity operate with some degree of attack risk. Having a plan of record and related policies for worse-case incident response is foundational to good security preparedness. However, many organizations find the process of pulling together all the many considerations and factors confusing and frustrating.

As a company dedicated to providing our clients with proven cybersecurity services, we share the following considerations as developed by NIST (National Institute of Standards and Technologies). As a long-standing leader in cybersecurity standards, guidelines, and best practices to meet the needs of U.S. industry, federal agencies, and the broader public, NIST's Computer Security Incident Handling Guide is an excellent resource to help inform your discussion and planning considerations for incident response.

Here's a summary checklist for review against your current incident response preparedness.



## **INCIDENT RESPONSE PREPAREDNESS**

Establish a formal incident response capability.  Be prepared to respond quickly and effectively when computer	
security defenses are breached.	
Create an incident response police	-
Your incident response (IR) policy is the foundation of an IR progra It defines which events are considered incidents, establishes t	
organizational structure for incident response, defines roles are	
responsibilities, and lists the requirements for reporting inciden	
among other iten	าร.
Develop a plan based on the incident response policy. Your IR plan provides a road map for implementing an IR program	
based on your defined policy. The plan indicates both short and	
long-term goals, including metrics for measuring the program. The IR plan should also indicate how often incident handlers should be	
trained and the requirements for incident handlers.	
Develop incident response procedure	
IR procedures provide detailed steps for responding to an incide	nt.
The procedures should cover all the phases of the IR proce	
The procedures should be based on the IR policy and pla	۱۱.
Establish policies and procedures regarding incident-related information sharing.	
You should communicate appropriate incident details with outside	
parties, such as the media, law enforcement agencies, and incident	
reporting organizations. The IR team should discuss this with your appropriate business management leadership and legal counsel to	
establish policies and procedures regarding information sharing.	
Provide pertinent information on inciden	ıts
to the appropriate organizatio	
Federal civilian agencies are required to report incidents <u>US-CERT</u> ; other organizations can contact US-CERT and/or their <u>ISA</u>	
Reporting is beneficial because US-CERT and the ISACs use the	
reported data to provide information to the reporting parti regarding new threats and incident trend	
regarding new timedts and meldent trent	,,,
Consider the relevant factors when selecting	
an incident response team model.	
You should carefully weigh the advantages and disadvantages	
of each possible team structure and staffing model in the context of your needs and available resources.	
or your receasement resources.	
Select people with appropriate ski	 IIc
for the incident response tea	
The credibility and proficiency of your team will largely depend on the	
technical skills and critical thinking abilities of its members. Technic skills include system and network administration, programmir	
technical support, and intrusion detection. Teamwork a	_
communications skills are also needed for effective incident handlir	_
Necessary training should be provided to all team membe	rs.
Identify other groups within your organization that may need to participate.	
Every IR team relies on the expertise, judgment, and abilities	
of other teams, including management, legal, and human	$\neg$
resources to name a few.	
Determine which services the team should offe	
Although the main focus of the team is incident response, addition functions may include monitoring intrusion detection senso	
distributing security advisories, and educating users on securi	
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## **GOOD DEFENSE WITH**

For many organizations, staffing and budget resource constraints prevent implementation of best practice incident response measures. A trusted

security partner can fill many gaps in this critical element of good defense in-depth.

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